### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): August 14, 2024

### Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 001-38529 (Commission File Number) 46-3137900 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

44 W. Gay St., Suite 400 West Chester, PA (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

19380 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (484) 453-3300

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

D Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

|                     | Trading | Name of each exchange       |
|---------------------|---------|-----------------------------|
| Title of each class | symbol  | on which registered         |
| Common Stock        | VRCA    | The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company  $\ \square$ 

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

### Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On August 14, 2024, Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "*Registrant*") issued a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2024. This press release has been furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2. of Form 8-K, the information in this Item 2.02, and Exhibit 99.1 hereto, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "*Exchange Act*"), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any of the Registrant's filings under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "*Securities Act*"), or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any incorporation language in such a filing, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On August 14, 2024, the Registrant will post an updated corporate presentation on its website. A copy of this presentation is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2. of Form 8-K, the information in this Item 7.01, and Exhibit 99.2 hereto, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any of the Registrant's filings under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any incorporation language in such a filing, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

#### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

| Exhibit<br>Number | Exhibit Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| 99.1              | Press Release, dated August 14, 2024                         |
| 99.2              | Company Presentation   |
| 104               | Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL). |

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

### Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Date: August 14, 2024

/s/ P. Terence Kohler Jr. P. Terence Kohler Jr. Chief Financial Officer



#### Verrica Pharmaceuticals Reports Second Quarter 2024 Financial Results

- Reports YCANTH<sup>®</sup> revenue, net of \$4.9M for second quarter of 2024 along with the expansion of YCANTH's distribution footprint to include Cencora, Inc. as a specialty distributor –

- Announces positive preliminary topline results of Phase 2 clinical study of VP-315 for the treatment of patients with basal cell carcinoma -

- Continues to progress preparation for global Phase 3 Common Warts trial with initiation expected in 1H 2025 -

- Conference Call Scheduled for Today at 8:30 am ET-

WEST CHESTER, PA – August 14, 2024 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) – Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("Verrica") (Nasdaq: VRCA), a dermatology therapeutics company developing medications for skin diseases requiring medical interventions, today announced financial results for the second quarter ended June 30, 2024.

"Verrica continued to make steady progress during the second quarter of 2024, highlighted by the receipt of a permanent J-Code for YCANTH that went into effect on April 1," said Ted White, Verrica's President and Chief Executive Officer. "We are already beginning to see the effects of the permanent J-Code on increasing demand for YCANTH, as product coverage and reimbursement decisions for our Medicaid patient population become increasingly streamlined. We also have made notable progress in removing unapproved, compounded cantharidin distributed by Dormer Laboratories from the U.S. market following our litigation settlement with Dormer. Based on these two positive developments, coupled with our growing insurance coverage and distribution capabilities, we expect YCANTH prescription growth to continue quarter over quarter in the second half of 2024.

"Our late-stage clinical pipeline is also making meaningful progress. This morning, we announced exciting new data from our Phase 2 study evaluating our novel oncolytic peptide, VP-315, for the treatment of basal cell carcinoma. Based on these positive safety and efficacy data, we believe VP-315 has the potential to become a first-line therapy for the treatment of basal cell carcinoma, and we look forward to sharing more detailed results at a KOL event in the near-future. In addition, we recently amended our agreement with Torii Pharmaceutical Inc. Ltd., which we believe will enable us to further advance YCANTH into Phase 3 testing for the potential treatment of common warts. Common warts represent the single largest unmet need in all of dermatology, and we believe YCANTH could establish a new standard of care for this pervasive condition with no FDA-approved therapies."

#### **Conference Call and Webcast Information**

The Company will host a conference call today, Wednesday, August 14, 2024, at 8:30 AM, Eastern Time, to discuss its second quarter 2024 financial results and provide a business update. To participate in the conference call, please utilize the following information:

Domestic Dial-In Number: Toll-Free: 1-800-579-2543 International Dial-In Number: 1-785-424-1789 Conference ID: VERRICA

The call will also be broadcast live over the Web and can be accessed on Verrica Pharmaceuticals' website: www.verrica.com or directly at

https://viavid.webcasts.com/starthere.jsp?ei=1678543&tp\_key=8db298d3d3

The conference call will also be available for replay for one month on the Company's website in the Events Calendar of the Investors section.

### Business Highlights and Recent Developments

#### YCANTH® (VP-102)

- The Company added Cencora, Inc. as a specialty distributor in Q2 2024, which will provide incremental commercial support services through IPN, Cencora's wholly owned specialty practice GPO, to continue to grow YCANTH<sup>®</sup> buy and bill accounts through its GPO membership. The Company also added Vizient as a GPO for hospitals, which will drive visibility and demand pull through among health systems.
- On July 1, 2024, the Company announced the settlement of litigation with Dormer Laboratories, Inc. ("Dormer Labs"). As part of the
  settlement, Dormer Labs has discontinued the sale of all cantharidin-containing products into the United States, including Dormer brands
  Cantharone (Liquid) and Cantharone Plus.
- On May 15, 2024, the Company announced that it amended its collaboration and license agreement with Torii Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. ("Torii") to fund the global pivotal Phase 3 clinical trial to evaluate YCANTH® for the treatment of common warts. The amendment enables the two companies to equally split the cost of the global Phase 3 clinical trial in common warts, with Torii funding Verrica's portion of the costs as an offset to Torii's future payment obligations to Verrica based on regulatory milestones and sales of YCANTH for molluscum contagiosum and common warts in Japan. In addition, Torii is obligated to make a milestone payment of \$8.0 million to Verrica upon the first patient dosed in Japan in the Phase 3 clinical trial. The trial is expected to begin in the first half of 2025.

#### VP-315

On August 14, 2024, the Company reported positive preliminary results from its Phase 2 study evaluating VP-315 for the treatment of basal cell carcinoma. The Phase 2 study is an open label, proof of concept trial designed to evaluate the safety and tolerability, dose regimen, and efficacy of VP-315 in biopsy-confirmed basal cell carcinoma tumors. Preliminary efficacy data based on 90 out of 93 lesions treated show that treatment with VP-315 resulted in an approximately 51% complete histologic clearance rate of basal cell carcinomas, with more than half of the patients no longer requiring treatment of any kind. Those subjects with residual carcinomas showed an approximately 71% reduction in tumor size, which is expected to significantly improve treatment outcomes with subsequent surgical treatments, if required. Overall reduction of tumor size in all subjects (those with no residual tumor and those with residual tumor) was 86%. No treatment-related serious adverse events were reported in the study; most treatment-related adverse events were classified as mild to moderate as expected, with injection site pain being the most common adverse effect.

### **Financial Results**

Second Quarter 2024 Financial Results

- Verrica recognized net product revenue of \$4.9 million in the second quarter of 2024 which relates to the delivery of YCANTH (VP-102) to FFF, its primary distribution partner, related to demand pull through, as well as the expansion of its specialty distribution network to bring-on an additional specialty distributor and the related impact of a one-time stock-in order from that distributor, which represented approximately 54% of net YCANTH (VP-102) revenue in the period. YCANTH (VP-102), Verrica's first FDA approved product, became available for commercial sale in August 2023.
- Verrica recognized collaboration revenues of \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 related to the Collaboration and License Agreement with Torii Pharmaceutical Col, Ltd ("Torii") for supplies and development activity with Torii.
- Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$16.5 million in the second quarter of 2024, compared to \$5.9 million for the same period in 2023. The increase of \$10.6 million was primarily due to higher expenses related to commercial activities for YCANTH (VP-102), including increased compensation, recruiting fees, benefits and travel due to ramp-up of sales force of \$7.2 million, other commercial activity of \$1.7 million, increased marketing and sponsorship costs of \$0.4 million and increased legal costs of \$1.1 million.

- Research and development expenses were \$3.3 million in the second quarter of 2024, compared to \$5.7 million for the same period in 2023. The decrease of \$2.4 million was primarily related to reduction of costs related to YCANTH (VP-102) pre-launch activity of \$2.3 million and a decrease in VP-315 clinical trial costs of \$0.5 million partially offset by increased headcount related costs of \$0.5 million.
- Costs of product revenue were \$0.4 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 including product costs related to the sale of YCANTH (VP-102) of \$0.3 million and other indirect costs of \$0.1 million.
- Costs of collaboration revenue were \$0.2 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.1 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2023. These costs of collaboration revenue consisted of payments for manufacturing supply to support development and testing services pursuant to the Torii Clinical Supply Agreement.
- Interest income was \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.6 million for the same period in 2023. The decrease of \$0.2 million was primarily due to a lower cash balance for the period.
- Interest expense of \$2.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 consisted of interest expense related to the OrbiMed Credit Agreement that commenced in July 2023.
- For the quarter ended June 30, 2024, net loss was \$17.2 million, or \$0.37 per share, compared to a net loss of \$11.0 million, or \$0.24 per share, for the same period in 2023.
- For the quarter ended June 30, 2024, non-GAAP net loss was \$14.4 million, or \$0.31 per share, compared to a non-GAAP net loss of \$9.4 million, or \$0.21 per share, for the same period in 2023.

#### Year-to-Date June 2024 Financial Results

- Verrica recognized product revenue of \$8.1 million in the six months ending June 30, 2024 which relates to the delivery of YCANTH (VP-102) to FFF, its primary distribution partner, related to demand pull through, as well as the expansion of its specialty distribution network to bring-on an additional specialty distributor and the related impact of a one-time stock-in order from that distributor, which represented approximately 32% of net YCANTH (VP-102) revenue in the period. YCANTH (VP-102), Verrica's first FDA approved product, became available for commercial sale in August 2023.
- Verrica recognized collaboration revenues of \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.2 million for the same period in 2023, each related to the Clinical Supply Agreement with Torii.
- Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$32.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$10.3 million for the same period in 2023. The increase of \$22.6 million was primarily due to higher expenses related to commercial activities for YCANTH (VP-102), including increased compensation, recruiting fees, benefits and travel due to ramp-up of sales force of \$12.5 million, increased marketing and sponsorship costs of \$3.4 million, other commercial activity of \$3.9 million, increased legal costs of \$1.6 million.

- Research and development expenses were \$8.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$8.5 million for the same period in 2023. The decrease of \$0.2 million was primarily due to a decrease in clinical trial costs for VP-315 of \$0.9 million partially offset increased headcount related costs of \$0.7 million.
- Costs of product revenue were \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 including product costs of \$0.4 million and obsolete inventory write-off of \$0.4 million. Product costs were slightly lower as some materials were expensed as research and development costs prior to FDA approval.
- Costs of collaboration revenue were \$0.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.2 million for the same period in 2023. The increase of \$0.6 million was primarily due to increased manufacturing supply required to support development and testing services pursuant to the Torii Clinical Supply Agreement.
- Interest income was \$1.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$1.1 million for the same period in 2023. The decrease of \$0.1 million was primarily due to a lower cash balance.
- Interest expense of \$4.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 consisted of interest expense related to the OrbiMed Credit Agreement that commenced in July 2023.
- For the six months ended June 30, 2024, net loss on a GAAP basis was \$37.5 million, or \$0.81 per share, compared to a net loss of \$17.6 million, or \$0.40 per share, for the same period in 2023.
- For the six months ended June 30, 2024, non-GAAP net loss was \$32.2 million, or \$0.69 per share, compared to a non-GAAP net loss of \$14.9 million, or \$0.34 per share, for the same period in 2023.
- As of June 30, 2024, Verrica had cash and cash equivalents of \$31.9 million. Verrica believes that its existing cash and cash equivalents as
  of June 30, 2024 will be sufficient to support planned operations into the first quarter of 2025.

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

In evaluating the operating performance of its business, Verrica's management considers non-GAAP loss from operations, non-GAAP net loss and non-GAAP net loss per share. These non-GAAP financial measures exclude stock-based compensation expense and non-cash interest expense that are required by GAAP. Verrica excludes non-cash stock-based compensation expense from these non-GAAP measures to facilitate comparison to peer companies who also provide similar non-GAAP disclosures and because it reflects how management internally manages the business. In addition, Verrica excludes non-cash interest expense from these non-GAAP measures to facilitate an understanding of the effects of the debt service obligations on the Company's liquidity and comparisons to peer group companies who also provide similar non-GAAP disclosures and because it is reflective of how management internally manages the business. Non-GAAP loss from operations, non-GAAP net loss and non-GAAP net loss per share should be considered in addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, but should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, GAAP results. Non-GAAP loss from operations, non-GAAP net loss per share have been reconciled to the nearest GAAP measure in the tables following the financial statements in this press release.

### VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS INC. Statements of Operations (in thousands except share and per share data) (unaudited)

|   | Three Months Er | nded June 30, |
|---|-----------------|---------------|
|   | 2024            | 2023          |
| Product revenue, net  | \$ 4,892        | \$ —          |
| Collaboration revenue   | 285             | 182           |
| Total revenue   | 5,177           | 182           |
| Operating expenses:   |                 |               |
| Selling, general and admin                                    | 16,522          | 5,937         |
| Research and development                                      | 3,319           | 5,725         |
| Cost of product revenue                                       | 360             | —             |
| Cost of collaboration revenue                                 | 182             | 136           |
| Total operating expenses                                      | 20,383          | 11,798        |
| Loss from operations  | (15,206)        | (11,616)      |
| Interest income   | 393             | 626           |
| Interest expense  | (2,368)         | _             |
| Other expense   | (5)             |               |
| Net loss  | \$ (17,186)     | \$ (10,990)   |
| Net loss per share, basic and diluted                         | \$ (0.37)       | \$ (0.24)     |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted | 46,502,274      | 45,916,867    |

### VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS INC. Statements of Operations (in thousands except share and per share data) (unaudited)

|   | Six Months En | ded June 30, |
|---|---------------|--------------|
|   | 2024          | 2023         |
| Product revenue, net  | \$ 8,124      | \$ —         |
| Collaboration revenue   | 879           | 219          |
| Total revenue   | 9,003         | 219          |
| Operating expenses:   |               |              |
| Selling, general and admin                                    | 32,861        | 10,256       |
| Research and development                                      | 8,267         | 8,464        |
| Cost of product revenue                                       | 906           | _            |
| Cost of collaboration revenue                                 | 774           | 204          |
| Total operating expenses                                      | 42,808        | 18,924       |
| Loss from operations  | (33,805)      | (18,705)     |
| Interest income   | 991           | 1,126        |
| Interest expense  | (4,687)       | —            |
| Other expense   | (16)          |              |
| Net loss  | \$ (37,517)   | \$ (17,579)  |
| Net loss per share, basic and diluted                         | \$ (0.81)     | \$ (0.40)    |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted | 46,492,971    | 44,478,116   |

#### VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS INC. Selected Balance Sheet Data (in thousands) (unaudited)

|  | June 30,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                            | \$ 31,930        | \$ 69,547            |
| Prepaid assets and other expenses                    | 15,388           | 7,983                |
| Total current assets                                 | 47,318           | 77,530               |
| PP&E, lease right of use asset, other                | 4,692            | 4,067                |
| Total assets   | \$ 52,010        | \$ 81,597            |
| Total liabilities                                    | \$ 65,310        | \$ 61,834            |
| Total stockholders' (deficit) equity                 | (13,300)         | 19,763               |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' (deficit) equity | \$ 52,010        | \$ 81,597            |

### VERRICA PHARMACEUTICAS INC. Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (unaudited) (in thousands except per share data)

|                                | Three M                 | onths Ended Jun | e 30. 20 | 024              |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|
|                                | Loss from<br>operations | Net loss        |          | loss per<br>hare |
| GAAP                           | \$(15,206)              | \$(17,186)      | \$       | (0.37)           |
| Non-GAAP Adjustments:          |                         |                 |          |                  |
| Stock-based compensation -     |                         |                 |          |                  |
| Selling, general and admin (a) | 1,715                   | 1,715           |          |                  |
| Stock-based compensation -     |                         |                 |          |                  |
| Research and development (a)   | 513                     | 513             |          |                  |
| Non-cash interest expense (b)  | _                       | 516             |          |                  |
| Adjusted                       | <u>\$(12,978)</u>       | \$(14,442)      | \$       | (0.31)           |
|                                | Three M                 | onths Ended Jun | e 30, 20 | 023              |
|                                | Loss from<br>operations | Net loss        |          | loss per<br>hare |
| GAAP                           | \$(11,616)              | \$(10,990)      | \$       | (0.24)           |
| Non-GAAP Adjustments:          |                         |                 |          |                  |
| Stock-based compensation –     |                         |                 |          |                  |
| Selling, general & admin (a)   | 950                     | 950             |          |                  |
| Stock-based compensation -     |                         |                 |          |                  |
| Research & development (a)     | 594                     | 594             |          |                  |
| Adjusted                       | \$(10,072)              | \$ (9,446)      | \$       | (0.21)           |

|   | Six N   | Ionths Ended June   | 30, 20       | 24                        |
|---|---|---|--------------|---------------------------|
|   | Loss from<br>operations                       | Net loss  |              | t loss per<br>share       |
| GAAP  | \$(33,805                                     | \$(37,517)  | \$           | (0.81)                    |
| Non-GAAP Adjustments:   |   |   |              |                           |
| Stock-based compensation -  |   |   |              |                           |
| Selling, general and admin (a)  | 3,337   | 3,337   |              |                           |
| Stock-based compensation -  |   |   |              |                           |
| Research and development (a)  | 963   | 963   |              |                           |
| Non-cash interest expense (b)   | _   | 999   |              |                           |
|   |   |   |              |                           |
| Adjusted  | \$(29,505                                     | \$(32,219)  | \$           | (0.69                     |
| Adjusted  |   | $\frac{\$(32,219)}{1000000000000000000000000000000000000$ | \$<br>30, 20 | (0.69                     |
| Adjusted  |   | <u></u>   | Net          |                           |
| Adjusted<br>GAAP  | Six M<br>Loss from                            | Ionths Ended June   | Net          | 23<br>t loss per<br>share |
|   | Six N<br>Loss from<br>operations              | Ionths Ended June   | Net          | 23<br>t loss per<br>share |
| GAAP  | Six N<br>Loss from<br>operations              | Ionths Ended June   | Net          | 23<br>t loss per<br>share |
| GAAP<br>Non-GAAP Adjustments:   | Six N<br>Loss from<br>operations              | Ionths Ended June   | Net          | 23<br>t loss per<br>share |
| GAAP<br>Non-GAAP Adjustments:<br>Stock-based compensation –                                 | Six 1<br>Loss from<br>operations<br>\$(18,705 | Ionths Ended June <u>Net loss</u> (17,579)                | Net          | 23<br>t loss per          |
| GAAP<br>Non-GAAP Adjustments:<br>Stock-based compensation –<br>Selling, general & admin (a) | Six 1<br>Loss from<br>operations<br>\$(18,705 | Ionths Ended June <u>Net loss</u> (17,579)                | Net          | 23<br>t loss per<br>share |

(a) The effects of non-cash stock-based compensation are excluded because of varying available valuation methodologies and subjective assumptions.

Verrice believes this is a useful measure for investors because such exclusion facilitates comparison to peer companies who also provide similar non-GAAP disclosures and is reflective of how management internally manages the business. The effects of non-cash interest charges are excluded because Verrice believes such exclusion facilitates an understanding of the effects of the debt service obligations on the Company's liquidity and comparisons to peer group companies and is reflective of how management internally manages the business. (b)

#### About Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Verrica is a dermatology therapeutics company developing medications for skin diseases requiring medical interventions. On July 21, 2023, YCANTH® (cantharidin), became the first treatment approved by the FDA to treat adult and pediatric patients two years of age and older with molluscum contagiosum, a highly contagious viral skin infection affecting approximately 6 million people in the United States, primarily children. YCANTH (VP-102) is also in development to treat common warts and external genital warts, two of the largest remaining unmet needs in medical dermatology. Verrica is also developing VP-103, its second cantharidin-based product candidate, for the treatment of plantar warts. Verrica has also entered a worldwide license agreement with Lytix Biopharma AS to develop and commercialize VP-315 (formerly LTX-315 and VP-LTX-315) for non-melanoma skin cancers including basal cell carcinoma and squamous cell carcinoma. For more information, visit www.verrica.com.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

Any statements contained in this press release that do not describe historical facts may constitute forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "may," "plan," "potential," will," and similar expressions, and are based on Verrica's current beliefs and expectations. These forward-looking statements include expectations regarding the continuing commercial launch of YCANTH<sup>TM</sup>, quarter over quarter YCANTH prescription growth in the second half of 2024, the potential for VP-315 to become a first-line therapy for the treatment of basal cell carcinoma, future financial performance, the clinical development of Verrica's product candidates, including the timing of reporting data from clinical trials, the potential benefits of YCANTH and Verrica's product candidates and Verrica's ability to fund its operations into the first quarter of 2025. These statements involve risks and uncertainties that acual cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in such statements. Risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially not how a regulatory approval process, Verrica's reliance on third parties over which it may not always have full control and uncertainties that are described in Verrica's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and other filings Verrica makes with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this press release and are based on information available to Verrica as of the date of this release, and Verrica assumes no obligation to, and does not intend to, update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

#### FOR MORE INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT:

Investors: Terry Kohler Chief Financial Officer tkohler@verrica.com

Kevin Gardner LifeSci Advisors kgardner@lifesciadvisors.com

Chris Calabrese LifeSci Advisors ccalabrese@lifesciadvisors.com





Company Overview

### Disclaimer

Certain information contained in this presentation and statements made orally during this presentation relates to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and Verrica's own internal estimates and research. While Verrica believes these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, it has not independently verified, and makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third-party sources. While Verrica believes its internal research is reliable, such research has not been verified by any independent source.

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the words "may," "might," "will," "could," "would," "should," "expect," "intend," "plan," 'objective," anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict, "project," "potential," "continue" and "ongoing," or the negative of these terms, or other comparable terminology intended to identify statements about the future. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Although we believe that we have a reasonable basis for each forward-looking statement. Although we believe that we have a reasonable basis for each forward-looking statement contained in this presentation, we caution you that these statements are based on a combination of facts and factors currently known by us and our expectations regarding the commercialization of YCANTH (formerly referred to as VP-102) for the treatment of molluscum contagiosum as well as our plans to develop and commercialize our product candidates; our approvals for YCANTH (VP-102) for the treatment of molluscum contagiosum or Otain approval for additional indications for YCANTH (VP-102) for the treatment of external genital warts and, common warts and our other product candidates; but clinical utility of our product candidates; our commercialization, marketing and manufacturing capabilities and strategy; our expectations about the willingness of healthcare professionals to use YCANTH (VP-102) for the treatment of molluscum contagiosum or the rotabut the strategy our product candidates; our commercialization, marketing and manufacturing capabilities and strategy; our expectations about the willingness of healthcare professionals to use YCANTH



expectations about third-party payors to reimburse or patients to pay for YCANTH (VP-102) for the treatment of molluscum contagiosum and any of our product candidates; our intellectual property position; our plans to in-license, acquire, develop and commercialize additional product candidates for other dermatological conditions to build a fully integrated dermatology company; our competitive position and the development of and projections relating to our competitors or our industry; our expectations regarding the market size of basal cell carcinoma; our ability to identify, recruit and retain key personnel; the impact of laws and regulations; our plans to identify additional product candidates with significant commercial potential that are consistent with our commercial fobjective; and our estimates regarding future revenue, expenses and needs for additional financing.

You should refer to the "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and our other filings made with the SEC for a discussion of important factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. As a result of these factors, we cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements in this presentation will prove to be accurate. Furthermore, if our forward-looking statements prove to be inaccurate, the inaccuracy may be material. In light of the significant uncertainties in these forward-looking statements, you should not regard these statements as a representation or warranty by us or any other person that we will achieve our objectives and plans in any specified time frame, or at all. The forward-looking statements may cause our views to change. However, while we may elect to update these forward-looking statements at some point in the further, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. You should, therefore, not rely on these forward-looking statements as representation.

Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, all references in this presentation to "the Company," "we," "our," "ours," "us" or similar terms refer to Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc. "Verrica," the Verrica logo, YCANTH (VP-102) and other trademarks or service marks of Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc. appearing in this presentation are the property of Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc. This presentation contains additional trade names, trademarks and service marks of others, which are the property of their respective owners.



## Our Product Candidate Portfolio:

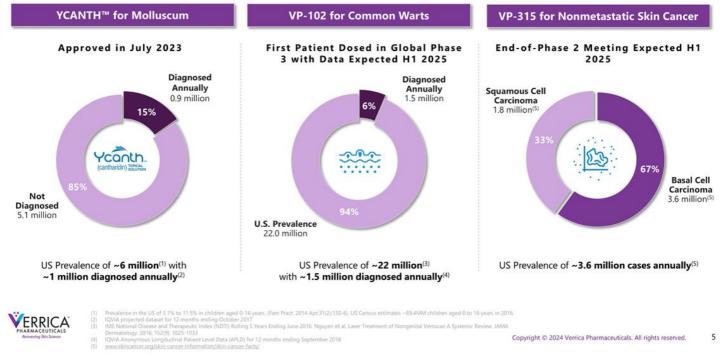
|                                     | PRE-IND | PHASE 2 | PHASE 3 | NDA | NEAR-TERM CATALYSTS/<br>EXPECTED MILESTONES                                     |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----|---|
| Molluscum Contagiosum               |         |         |         |     | **APPROVED**  |
| Common Warts                        |         |         |         |     | Initiation of Global Pivota<br>Phase 3 trial expected H1<br>2025 <sup>[a]</sup> |
| External Genital Warts              |         |         |         |     | Initiate Phase 3 trial <sup>[b]</sup>   |
| Basal Cell Carcinoma <sup>[c]</sup> |         |         |         |     | End of Phase 2 Meeting<br>expected H1 2025                                      |
| Plantar Warts                       |         |         |         |     | Initiate Phase 2 trial <sup>[b]</sup>   |

VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS Revented Stat Science

(a) Verrica and its partner in Japan, Toril Pharmaceutical Co., ttd. expect to start a global Phase 3 clinical trial to study YCANTH® for the treatment of common warts in 2025. (b) Timing for initiating clinical trials for External Contal Warts and Plantar Warts to be determined. (c) License exclusion relationse main metaatase Meetia edit accontant Phase 2 study initiated in April 2022 for the treatment of Sasal Cell Caroinoma.

5

## Focused on Largest Unmet Needs in Dermatology



## Comprehensive Regulatory, IP and Manufacturing Strategy to Maintain YCANTH™ Exclusivity; VP-315 COM-Issued Protection

| Regulatory<br>Exclusivity;<br>Patent Portfolio | > | 5 years NCE exclusivity for cantharidin as API granted; potential for additional 6 months for pediatric exclusivity for common warts and plantar warts indications  | Patent applications on:<br>• Specific formulation<br>• Applicator<br>• Method of Use<br>• Design               |
|--|---|---|--|
| Compounding<br>Pharmacies                      | > | Verrica has and will enforce its rights to seek removal of any compounded from the market unless it meets the FDA statutory exemptions. In addition petitioned the FDA to have Cantharidin removed from 503B Category 1 and detain any compounded cantharidin before importation into the USA. <sup>(1)</sup> | , with the approval of YCANTH™, Verrica h  |
| Manufacturing <sup>(2)</sup>                   | > | YCANTH <sup>™</sup> has the potential to address stability<br>issues with standard packaging and container/ closure systems   | Limited commercial CMOs with<br>facilities for handling highly pote<br>and highly flammable liquid<br>products |
| Barriers to<br>Generic Entry                   |   | ANDA approval likely blocked by patent pending protection and   |  |

(1) The FOA has the authority to regulate compounders: Improper compounding can result is monetary these plus televy convolvions in case of repeat otherwise and intensit to traus/misualed 20 betteed into a upphy agreement for narral/misualed cases that any end agreement for narral/misualed cases that agreement and tracks explored cases that any end agreement for narral/misualed cases that any end agreement and tracks explored cases that any end agreement that any end agreement for narral/misualed cases that agreement agreement and tracks explored cases that agreement that any end agreement that agreement that agreement agreement agreement that agreement that agreement agreement

FRRICA

## Extensive Issued and Pending Patents Covering VP-315 from 2029-2044

| > | <ul> <li>PCT/EP2009/006774; composition-of-matter (COM) patent, granted</li> <li>Expires 2032 (US)</li> <li>Expires 2029 (Europe<sup>(1)</sup>, Japan, AU, BR, CA, CN, IN, JP, KR, NZ, RU, and SG)</li> </ul> |
|---|---|
| > | PCT/EP2017/052279; methods-of-use patent, pending <ul> <li>Expires 2037 (anticipated in US, Europe, Japan, CN, KR)</li> <li>Expires 2037 (granted in Australia)</li> </ul>                                    |
| > | <ul> <li>PCT/EP2023/087127; formulation patent, pending</li> <li>Expires 2043 (anticipated)</li> <li>PCT application pending</li> </ul>   |
| > | PCT/EP2023/087135; Chitosan formulation patent, pending <ul> <li>Expires 2043 (anticipated)</li> <li>PCT application pending</li> </ul>   |
| > | <ul> <li>PCT/US2024/024185; Administration of an Anti-Cancer Peptide patent, pending</li> <li>Expires 2044 (anticipated)</li> <li>PCT application pending</li> </ul>  |

(1) In force in: UK, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey

Not For Promotional Use

## Management Team with Extensive Product Launch and Dermatology Experience

| Ted White                              | Terry Kohler               | Gary Goldenberg, MD  | Joe Bonaccorso              |
|--|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| President & Chief<br>Executive Officer | Chief Financial<br>Officer | Chief Medical<br>Officer   | Chief Commercial<br>Officer |
| <b>U</b> NOVARTIS                      | endo                       |  | U NOVARTIS                  |
|  | Johnon-Johnon              | Note of the second seco |                             |
| ar 👌 Attrical survey                   | 0                          |  | Pierre Fabre                |

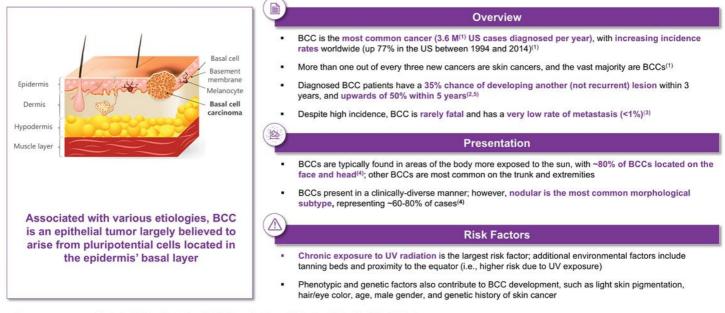


# **Basal Cell Carcinoma**

THE POTENTIAL SOLUTION: VP-315 Status: End of Phase 2 Meeting Expected H1 2025

### Basal Cell Carcinoma (BCC) Disease Overview

BCC is characterized by slow, locally invasive growth that can be destructive of skin and surrounding tissues



Abbreviations: ASIP: Agouti Signaling Protein; MC1R: Melanocortin-1 Receptor; TYR: Tyrosinase; UV: Ultraviolet; BCC: Basal Cell Carci



www.skincancer.org/skin-cancer-information/skin-cancer-facts/
 Chung, Seum, "Basal cell carcinoma," Archives of Plostic Surgery 39.02 (2012): 166–170.

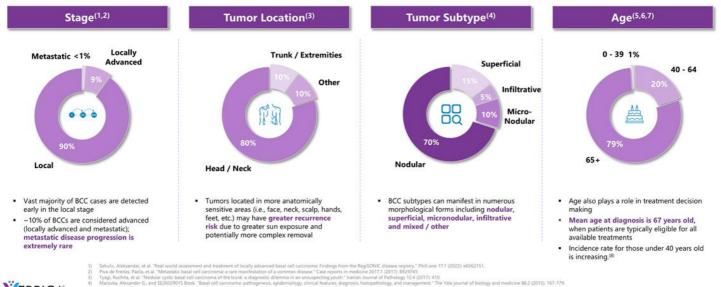
program for the second s

11

Copyright © 2024 Verrica Pharmaceuticals. All rights reserved.

### Basal Cell Carcinoma Treatment Segmentation

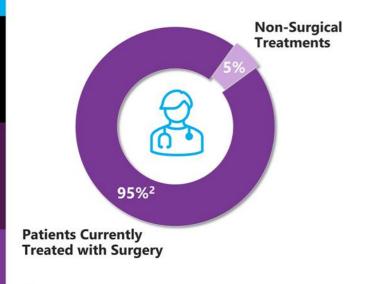
BCC is typically segmented by disease progression, location, tumor subtype, and age, with risk of recurrence (low vs. high) typically correlated with multiple segmentation criteria



PHARMACEUTICALS Reventory Stin Scance

### Current Treatment Landscape of Basal Cell Carcinoma in the U.S.

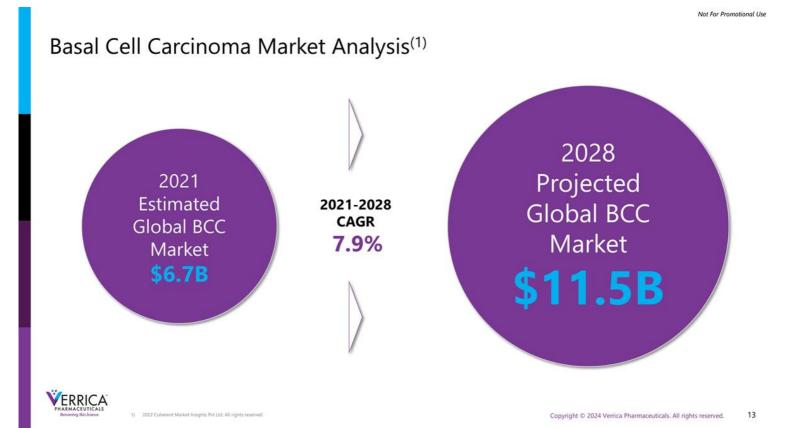
Surgical and non-surgical alternatives have limitations





http://www.slincancerorg/treatment-resources/moth-surgery/
http://www.slincancerorg/treatment-resources/moth-surgery/
http://www.slincancerorg/tests-procedures/moth-surgery/about,
http://www.mayoclinic.org/tests-procedures/moth-surgery/about,
http://www.sincancerorg/test-procedures/moth-surgery/about,
http://www.sincancerorg/test-procedures/test-p

- Mohs micrographic surgery is considered the most effective technique for treating BCCs<sup>(1)</sup> with 700K+ procedures in the U.S. annually.<sup>(3)</sup>
- Mohs is often used for BCCs around the eyes, ears, nose, mouth, hands, feet and genitals.<sup>(4)</sup>
- Potential problems with Mohs include: bleeding, pain or tenderness, potential for infection, permanent or temporary numbness/weakness of surgical area and a large scar.<sup>(4)</sup>
- Mohs surgery and other surgical excisions often cause scarring that are larger than the visible basal cell because additional tumor is often discovered during surgery that requires the removal of additional tissue.<sup>(5)</sup>
- Non-surgical treatments include radiation therapy, topical therapies or systematic therapy with a hedgehog inhibitor (HHi) which have systemic side-effects.<sup>(2)</sup>





# VP-315 A Potential Non-Surgical Alternative

### VP-315 for Basal Cell Carcinoma

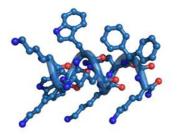
| 3 | Large Estimated Market Size   | 0  | Favorable Safety Profile  |   | Non-invasive Treatment Option   |
|---|---|----|---|---|---|
|   | 3.6+ million new cases of basal cell carcinoma annually                                   |    | No SAEs   | • | Patient receives injections over the course of 2 or 3 days  |
|   | More than one out of every three  |    | Few mild-to-moderate treatment<br>AEs mostly in the form of injection | 1 | Long-standing surgical SoC for<br>BCC   |
| • | new cancers are skin cancers; vast<br>majority are BCCs<br>~\$11.5 billion market by 2028 | :  | site pain   | • | In clinical trials, VP-315 either<br>entirely eliminated the need for<br>Mohs or significantly reduced size<br>of the subsequent scarring from<br>the procedure |
| 9 |   | Po | sitive Preliminary Efficacy Observed                                  |   |   |

- Greater than half of all basal cell carcinomas treated resolved without having to resort to Mohs micrographic surgery .
- >70% reduction in carcinoma size for patients that still had a tumor after treatment .



### VP-315 is an oncolytic molecule designed from host defense peptide

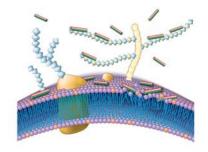
### VP-315 HAS A DUAL MODE OF ACTION: DIRECT KILLING AND IMMUNE MODULATION



- VP-315 composed of 5 cationic residues and 4 lipophilic residues, including one synthetic
- Able to form an amphipathic structure upon interaction with anionic membranes



Rekdal *et al.* , J. Biol. Chem, 2012 Haug, J.*et al*. Med. Chem, 2016



- VP-315 shows specificity for cancer cells overexpressing anionic molecules
- Followed by internalization and targeting of intracellular organelles

Dendritic cell

### VP-315 Dual Mechanism of Action

### Local Killing of Cancer Cells

Release of immune-activating molecules

Effective exposure of tumor antigens (mutated proteins)

# Activation of dendritic cells (antigen presenting cells)

Through direct and indirect pathways



1

2

VP-315

### VP-315 Phase 2 Clinical Study Design

Open label proof of concept study to assess safety & tolerability, dose regimen, efficacy

Study comprised of two parts (Part 1 and Part 2); primary objective of Part 1 was to assess the maximal tolerated dose for Part 2

#### Part 1

- Designed to explore the initial VP-315 safety profile when administered in escalating doses to individual subjects
- Intended to quickly assess the maximal tolerated dose (MTD) and determine the ability of VP-315 to induce necrosis of each treated lesion while seeking to establish an AE profile for BCC.
- Part 1 Update:
  - Part 1 of VP-315 Phase 2 trial enrolled 10 subjects and demonstrated a favorable safety and tolerability profile with no reported serious adverse events.
  - Subjects receiving the higher range of dosing experienced a consistent response of clinical tumor necrosis.

| Part 2   |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Cohort 1 & 2   | Cohort 4 & 5  |  |  |  |
| Designed to determine the optimal regimen for dosing 8mg of VP-315<br>based on safety and tolerability | Designed to gain information on safety, tolerability and dosing regimen of VP-315 to support a pivotal P3 study |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Intended to confirm the exploratory dose (8 mg VP-315) identified from</li> </ul>             | <ul> <li>Intended to evaluate the safety and tolerability of the optimal dosing</li> </ul>                      |  |  |  |

- Part 1 and identify the recommended regimen for Part 2, Cohorts 4 (two doses on consecutive days) and 5 (three doses on consecutive days)
- Dose limiting toxicity of pain was noted in Cohort 2 and therefore Cohort 3 was omitted and the injection schedule used in Part 1 of the study was utilized in Cohorts 4 and 5 since it did not show any tolerability issues.

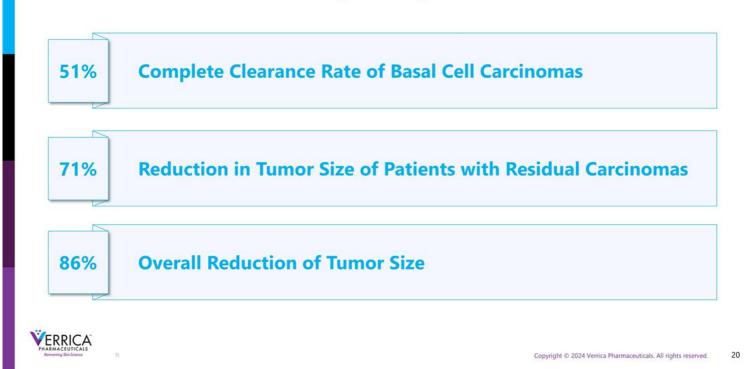


- Intended to evaluate the safety and tolerability of the optimal dosing regimen of VP-315 from Part 2, Cohorts 1 and 2
- Verrica to evaluate complete clearance of BCC tumors and tumor size reduction to determine optimal dosing regimen of VP-315
- Pharmacokinetics, Patient Reported Outcomes and Physician Global Assessment also be evaluated



# VP-315 Phase 2 Design and Preliminary Results





# VP-315 Phase 2 BCC: Preliminary Efficacy Data

| COHORT | COMPLETE HISTOLOGIC | HISTOLOGIC REDUCTION IN | OVERALL REDUCTION OF TUMOR SIZE |
|--------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
|        | CLEARANCE           | RESIDUAL TUMOR SIZE     | (ALL SUBJECTS)                  |
| 1      | 71%                 | 93%                     | 98%                             |
|        | (n=7)               | (n=7)                   | (n=7)                           |
| 2      | 33%                 | 83%                     | 88%                             |
|        | (n=3)               | (n=3)                   | (n=3)                           |
| 4      | 53%                 | 72%                     | 87%                             |
|        | (n=38)              | (n=37) <sup>(1)</sup>   | (n=37) <sup>(1)</sup>           |
| 5      | 47%                 | 68%                     | 83%                             |
|        | (n=45)              | (n=43)                  | (n=43)                          |
| Total  | <b>51%</b>          | 71%                     | 86%                             |
|        | (n=93)              | (n=90)                  | (n=90)                          |



1) Data from 3 subjects re: histologic reduction in residual tumor and overall reduction in tumor size are per-

### VP-315 Phase 2 BCC: Preliminary Safety and Tolerability Results



No treatment-related serious adverse events (SAEs) were reported

Most treatment-related adverse events (TRAEs) were mild to moderate and expected



**Expected cutaneous reactions were observed** 

VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS Reinverting Skin Science

## VP-315 Phase 2 BCC: Preliminary Safety and Tolerability Data

Top 5 Adverse Events from Part 2 of Phase 2 clinical trial of VP-315 for the treatment of basal cell carcinoma

| PRELIMINARY TREATMENT EMERGENT ADVERSE EVENTS<br>(EXCLUDING CUTANEOUS INJECTION SITE REACTIONS)<br>(N=82 SUBJECTS) |               |                   |                 |  |
|--|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
|  | Mild<br>n (%) | Moderate<br>n (%) | Severe<br>n (%) |  |
| Injection site pain  | 11 (13.4)     | 10 (12.2)         | 1 (1.2)         |  |
| Hypertension   | 4 (4.9)       | 0 (0.0)           | 0 (0.0)         |  |
| Hypotension  | 4 (4.9)       | 0 (0.0)           | 0 (0.0)         |  |
| Erythema   | 1 (1.2)       | 2 (2.4)           | 0 (0.0)         |  |
| Headache   | 2 (2.4)       | 0 (0.0)           | 0 (0.0)         |  |



- Dermatologist

- Mohs Surgeon

24

### Preliminary Data and Market Research Support Use of VP-315 as a Potential 1L Treatment for Basal Cell Carcinoma

Based on primary market research conducted utilizing target product profiles, surveyed physicians believe VP-315 has the potential to be utilized as a first line therapy in a primary or neoadjuvant setting

#### Primary Therapy: Physician-Identified Use Case

- Patients that would most benefit from VP-315 in the primary setting are those that are higher-risk and/or:
   Surgery averse
  - Surgery fatigued
- Cosmetically concerned with surgical outcome
- VP-315 would benefit advanced and/or unresectable patients1 that:
- Are not a surgical candidate due to old age
- Elect for VP-315, associated with a more durable and tolerated treatment response

#### Neoadjuvant Therapy: Physician-Identified Use Case

- Patients that would most benefit from VP-315 in the neoadjuvant setting are those that:
- Have large tumors that would benefit from volume reduction to make surgery easier
  - Have tumors in cosmetically sensitive areas
  - Have tumors in difficult-to-treat areas (e.g., shins)
- Physicians note that neoadjuvant utilization could increase over time if VP-315 generates clinically meaningful
  real-world evidence and the economic incentive to treat BCC surgically decreases
- Physicians indicated that an efficacious neoadjuvant treatment associated with a more tolerable side effect
  profile relative to hedgehog inhibitors meets a clear unmet need



Source: LifeSci Pilmary Market Research Conducted Based on Preliminary Target Product Profiles – Completed March 2024 (N = 20 HCPs; n= 10 Dermatologics; n=9 Dermatologic / Moh Surgeons; n=1 Cutaneous Derologia; 1) Comment Cellest physicians; perspective from primary market research; advanced and unresectable patients were not studied during VP-315 Phase 2 clinical trial. Copyright © 2024 Verrica Pharmaceuticals. All rights reserved.

"This treatment would be great for patients that don't

want to receive surgery. I offer my patients all available treatment options and I am sure that some

of them would elect for this treatment."

"I always have to weigh the risks and benefits of giving a

patient a treatment. Currently, I'm not sure exposing a

patient to significant side effects is a good idea, but if you have a treatment that is very well tolerated while shrinking a tumor in half in 6 weeks, that would be a

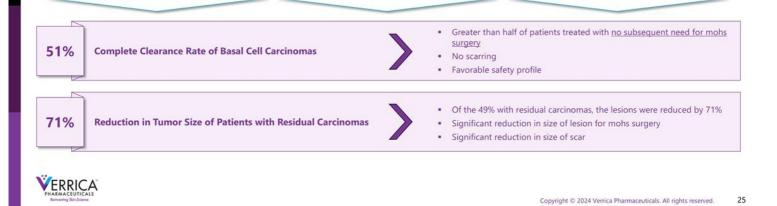
reasonable idea."

### Preliminary Data and Market Research Support Use of VP-315 as a Potential 1L Treatment for Basal Cell Carcinoma (Continued)

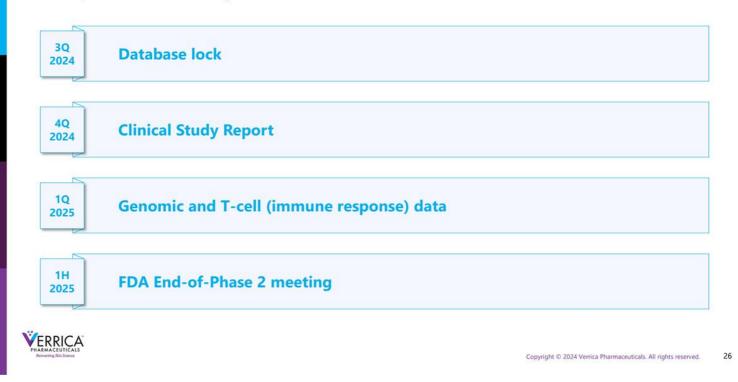
Based on primary market research conducted utilizing target product profiles, surveyed physicians believe VP-315 has the potential to be utilized as a first line therapy

### 3.6 Million new cases annually

## **VP-315: First Line Treatment Potential**



## Anticipated Next Steps on VP-315





# YCANTH<sup>™</sup> (cantharidin) topical solution 0.7% The First FDA Approved Product for Molluscum Contagiosum

# **YCANTH™** (cantharidin, 0.7%) Drug-device Combination Product Delivered Via a Single-use Applicator

#### DESIGNED FOR RELIABLE, AND TARGETED ADMINISTRATION

Topical solution in a single-use applicator

- · Active ingredient cantharidin (0.7%) in a proprietary topical formulation
- Single-use applicator to reduce cross-contamination and facilitate application of the topical solution
- · Small opening allows for targeting of affected skin

#### GMP-controlled, shelf-stable, consistent topical formulation

- · Allows for reliable dosing/administration
- · Oral deterrent to help mitigate the risk of accidental ingestion
- · Visualization agent to identify treated lesions



Cap

Tip

Filter

Ampule



Copyright © 2024 Verrica Pharmaceuticals. All rights reserved. 28

Tube

#### Not For Promotional Use

## Molluscum Background

#### **Overview**

- Caused by a pox virus
- Primarily infects children, with the highest incidence occurring in children <14 years old
- Highly contagious
- If untreated, lesions persist an average of 13 months, although in some people it can take up to five years<sup>1</sup>
- Often leads to anxiety and social challenges for the patients and parents and negatively impacts quality of life





#### **Etiology and Clinical Presentation**

#### TRANSMISSION

- Skin to skin contact
- Sharing of contaminated objects (e.g., clothing, towels, swimming pool toys)

#### **DIAGNOSIS & SYMPTOMS**

- Typically 10 to 30 lesions
- 100+ lesions can be observed
- Lesions may be the only sign of infection and are often painless



 Can be diagnosed with skin biopsy to differentiate from other lesions

#### COMPLICATIONS

- · Skin irritation, inflammation, and re-infection
- Follicular or papillary conjunctivitis if lesions on eyelids
- Cellulitis

Not For Promotional Use

## Other Non-FDA Approved Treatments for Molluscum Have Many Limitations

- Broad use limited by unproven efficacy, scarring, lack of availability, safety concerns & pain
- Significantly undertreated patient population

|                  | DESCRIPTION  | LIMITATIONS  |
|------------------|--|--|
| Cryotherapy      | Freezing the lesions with liquid nitrogen  | <ul> <li>Pain and scarring</li> <li>May be unsuitable for use in children</li> </ul>             |
| Curettage        | Using a curette or a surgical<br>instrument with a scoop at<br>the tip to scrape the lesions                 | <ul><li>Pain and scarring</li><li>Unsuitable for use in children</li></ul>                       |
| Laser Surgery    | Applying a laser to target and destroy the lesions   | <ul><li>Pain, cost and lack<br/>of availability</li><li>Unsuitable for use in children</li></ul> |
| Topical Products | Applying various acids<br>(e.g. salicylic acid), creams<br>or blistering solutions to<br>destroy the lesions | Unproven efficacy  |
| Off-Label Drugs  | Retinoids, antiviral<br>medicines, or immune<br>modulating therapies   | <ul><li>Limited efficacy</li><li>Side-effects</li></ul>  |
| Natural Remedies | Applying natural oils<br>(e.g. tea tree oil) with<br>antimicrobial properties                                | <ul> <li>Unproven efficacy</li> <li>Pain, irritation and allergic reactions</li> </ul>           |



# Methods in two Phase 3 Trials, CAMP-1 & CAMP-2, in Molluscum Contagiosum<sup>1,2</sup>

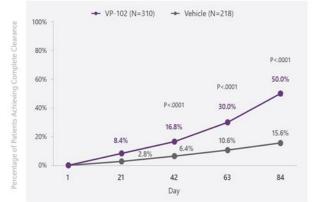
- YCANTH was studied in two randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled phase 3 trials, Trial 1 and Trial 2 (n = 266, and n = 262, respectively) in subjects 2 years and older with molluscum contagiosum.
- Most patients received a single 24-hour dermal administration of YCANTH or vehicle for each lesion every 3 weeks for up to 4 treatments.
- Primary Endpoint
  - Percent of participants with complete clearance of Molluscum contagiosum at Day 84
- Secondary Endpoint
  - Safety & Tolerability
  - Percent of participants with complete clearance at Day 21, 42 and 63
  - If severe local skin reactions occurred, YCANTH was removed prior to 24 hours after treatment.



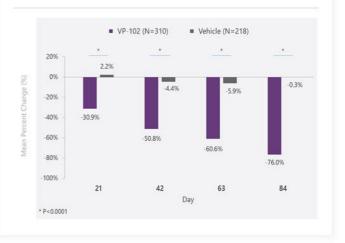
Eichenfield LF, Sieghried E, Rivong P, et al. Pooled results of two randomized phase III trisks evaluating VP-102, a drug-device combination product. Containing cantharidin 0.7% (w/v) for the treatment of molitacium contagioum. An J Clin Dermold J 20/13/272-255.
 ClinaCitias, or (Triat J IPC 0.537750) and Triat J 20/Cl3377502.
 ClinaCitias J 20/Cl3377503 and Triat J 20/Cl3377503.
 ClinaCitias J 20/Cl3377503 and Triat J 20/Cl3377503.
 ClinaCitias J 20/Cl3377503 and Triat J 20/Cl3377503.

# Phase 3 Studies Demonstrated Favorable Activity in Complete Clearance and Reducing Lesions

Phase 3 Studies for Molluscum Demonstrate Statistically Significant Activity on Primary Endpoint of Percentage of Subjects with Complete Clearance of All Baseline and New Treatable MC lesions at Each Time Point (Pooled, ITT population)



 Eichenfield LF, Siegfried E, Kwong P, et al. Pooled results of two randomized phase the treatment of molluscum contagiosum. Am J Clin Dermatol. 2021;22(2):257-265 Phase 3 Studies for Molluscum Demonstrate Statistically Significant Activity Mean Percent Change in Molluscum Contagiosum Lesion Count from Baseline to Day 84 At Each Time Point (Pooled, ITT population)



Note: slide reflects data from Phase 3 Molluscum Trials 1 and 2 (CAMP-1 and CAMP-2) Note: No statistical significance reported at Day 21 in CAMP-2.



# Application Site Adverse Reactions Leading to Discontinuation of Study Drug (Pooled, Safety Population)<sup>1</sup>

| N (%)                      | <b>VP-102</b> (N=311) | <b>Vehicle</b> (N=216) |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Application Site Vesicles  | 5 (1.6)               | 0 (0)                  |
| Application Site Pain      | 3 (1.0)               | 0 (0)                  |
| Application Site Pruritus  | 1 (0.3)               | 0 (0)                  |
| Contact Dermatitis         | 1 (0.3)               | 0 (0)                  |
| Infection                  | 1 (0.3)               | 0 (0)                  |
| Gianotti-Crosti Syndrome*  | 0 (0)                 | 1 (0.5)                |
| Total Discontinuation Rate | 7 (2.3)               | 1 (0.5)                |

Note: slide reflects pooled data from Phase 3 molluscum trials (CAMP-1 and CAMP-2) \* Considered not related to treatment



 Eichenfield EF, Singfried E, Xinong P, et al. Pooled results of two tandomized phase III trials evaluating VP-102, a drug-device combination product containing cantharidin 0.7% (w/v) fi the treatment of molluscum contagiosum. Am J Clin Dermatol. 2021;22(2):257-265.



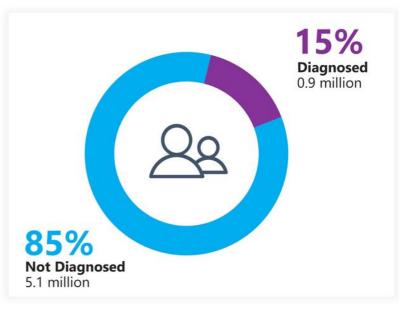
# YCANTH<sup>™</sup> (cantharidin) topical solution 0.7% Commercialization and Product Launch

## Realizing the Molluscum Opportunity

US PREVALENCE OF ~6 million in molluscum<sup>(1)</sup>

us prevalence with ~1 million diagnosed annually<sup>(2)</sup>

Prevalence in the US of 5.1% to 11.5% in children aged 0-16 yr
 IQVIA projected dataset for 12 months ending October 2017



~69.4MM children aged 0 to 16 years in 2018

PHARMACEUTICALS

## Favorable Reimbursement Landscape

- Over 200 Million Lives Covered commercially, through state Medicaid programs, and through Tri-Care and Federal Employee Programs.
- Majority of covered lives are under the Medical Benefit vs. Pharmacy Benefit.

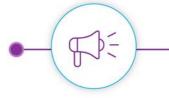
|  | MEDICAL BENEFIT   | PHARMACY BENEFIT   |
|--|---|--|
| Reimbursement for products<br>administered in office by HCP                | More common   | Less common  |
| Reimbursed upon launch,<br>prior to clinical review                        | More common   | Less common  |
| Subject to rebates and<br>discounts in order to obtain<br>formulary access | Less common   | More common  |
| Gross-to-Net Deductions  | Typically, lower deductions than<br>Pharmacy Benefit  | Typically, higher deductions<br>to meet rebate<br>demands and costs of co-pay<br>program |
| Review cycle timing  | Shorter review cycle  | Longer review cycle  |
| Patient obligation   | Typically, averages 20% co-<br>insurance off list price,<br>before manufacturer co-pay<br>applied | Prescription co-pay varies by plar   |

Medical Benefit Advantages Over Pharmacy Benefit



## Integrated Commercial Approach with Multiple Strategic Levers

#### **COMMERCIAL STRATEGY**



Brand Awareness

Drive YCANTH™ awareness through cost-efficient HCP and consumer advertising



Established relationships

with industry leading Key Opinion Leaders



Sales Team

Dermatologists, and select Pediatricians

Targeting office-based and institutional

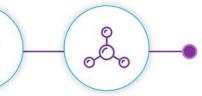
Dedicated

Institutional Team

Specialists to promote to

dermatologists in academic

settings and group practices



## Buy-and-Bill / Specialty Pharmacy

Forward Deployed Inventory Available Supportive HUB services Dedicated field reimbursement Team

VERRICA

# Total of 78 YCANTH<sup>™</sup> sales representatives

targeting Pediatric Dermatologists and Dermatologists, Health Systems and Pediatric Offices



- 20 dedicated pediatric representatives focusing on members of pediatric buying group
- 5 field relations managers providing billing and coding support for Buy and Bill Accounts



# Physicians will have a choice of Distribution Model

|  | BUY-AND-BILL   | SPECIALTY PHARMACY  |
|--|--|---|
| HCP Reimbursement                        |  |   |
| Permanent J-code                         | Permanent J-code (J7354) effective April 1, 2024   | No  |
| Office visit fee                         | Yes  | Yes   |
| Lesion destruction<br>(CPT 17110, 17111) | Yes  | Yes   |
| Margin on sale of product                | Yes, typically 6%-10% of ASP<br>(dependent on health plan)   | Νο  |
| Distribution                             | Opportunity for Forward Deployed Inventory   | Specialty Pharmacy Model  |
|  | <ul> <li>Verrica sells product to distributor</li> <li>Shelf-stable; no cold storage requirements</li> <li>Physicians purchase product in traditional buy and bill<br/>model or can elect to receive "forward deployed<br/>inventory" from distributor which allows physicians to<br/>pay for inventory only after the claim has been<br/>adjudicated and the patient agrees to treatment</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>RX filled by specialty pharmacy</li> <li>The pharmacy will also support prior-authorizations, if applicable</li> <li>Pharmacy adjudicates claim with patients and applies co-pay program</li> <li>White bag delivery to physician</li> </ul> |





## **Common Warts**

THE POTENTIAL SOLUTION:



Status: Initiation of Global Phase 3 Trial Expected H1 2025

## Verruca Vulgaris (Common Warts)

#### **Overview**

- Caused by human papilloma virus (HPV)
- · Infects patients of all ages
- Persistent infection, highly refractory
- Typically 2-5 lesions
- No FDA-approved drug for the treatment of common warts
- U.S prevalence of 22 million<sup>1</sup>, with 1.5 million<sup>2</sup> diagnosed annually



#### **Etiology and Clinical Presentation**

#### TRANSMISSION

- Skin to skin contact
- · Touching of contaminated objects

#### **DIAGNOSIS & SYMPTOMS**

- Dome shaped flesh-colored lesions commonly on the hands, fingers, knees or elbows
- Lesions may occur in groups or in a linear pattern



 Lesions can cause considerable pain and discomfort, may spread with skin trauma, and can be itchy

#### COMPLICATIONS

- Scarring may occur
- · Dyspigmentation of affected areas
- Bacterial superinfection of lesions
- · Irritation, pain, and redness of surrounding skin

Copyright © 2024 Verrica Pharmaceuticals. All rights reserved. 41

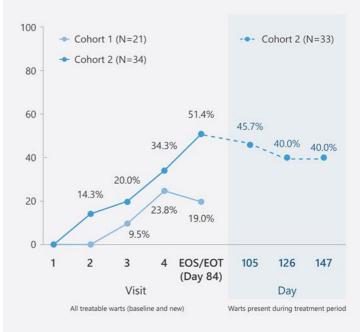


 IMS National Disease and Therapeutic Index (NDTI) F A Systemic Review JAMA Dermatology. 2016; 152(9)

# We Have Successfully Completed a Phase 2 Study (COVE-1) in Common Warts

| Study Design | > | Efficacy, safety & tolerability  |                        |   | nort 1: one center<br>nort 2: four centers                              |
|--------------|---|--|------------------------|---|---|
| Endpoints    | > | <b>Primary</b><br>Percent of subjects with complete clea<br>all treatable warts (baseline and new) a   |                        | treatable warts at Visits 2, 3  | ng complete clearance of al<br>3, and 4<br>umber (%) of treatable wart: |
| Patients     | > | <b>Cohort 1:</b> 21 subjects 2+ years of age<br>any type of treatment within the past 1<br><b>Cohort 2:</b> 35 subjects 12+ years of ag<br>any type of treatment within the past 1           | 14 days<br>e with comn |   |   |
| Application  | > | Study drug YCANTH (VP-102) is administe<br>topically to each treatable wart to a maxin<br>4 applications<br>Cohort 1 is treated until clear, Cohort 2 rec<br>one additional treatment at the | num of                 | Frequency of administration i<br>least 14 days (Cohort 1) or 21<br>(Cohort 2)<br>Paring was allowed in Cohort | 1 days be left on for 24 h<br>before removal wi                         |

**YCANTH (VP-102)** Demonstrated Clinically Meaningful Activity on Primary Endpoint of Complete Clearance in COVE-1 Study<sup>1</sup>





## Adverse Events in COVE-1 Study (Incidence≥5%)<sup>1</sup>,\*

|                                | Cohort 1<br>N=21<br>(To Day 84) | <b>Cohort 2</b><br>N=34<br>(To Day 147) |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Incidence: N (%)               |                                 |   |
| Application Site Vesicles      | 20 (95.2)                       | 27 (79.4)                               |
| Application Site Pain          | 15 (71.4)                       | 26 (76.5)                               |
| Application Site Erythema      | 13 (61.9)                       | 19 (55.9)                               |
| Application Site Pruritus      | 9 (42.9)                        | 16 (47.1)                               |
| Application Site Scab          | 8 (38.1)                        | 20 (58.8)                               |
| Application Site Dryness       | 6 (28.6)                        | 13 (38.2)                               |
| Application Site Edema         | 4 (19.0)                        | 6 (17.6)                                |
| Application Site Discoloration | 1 (4.8)                         | 8 (23.5)                                |
| Application Site Exfoliation   | 0                               | 4 (11.8)                                |
| Application Site Erosion       | 0                               | 3 (8.8)                                 |
| Papilloma Viral Infection**    | 0                               | 3 (8.8)                                 |

\* Local skin reactions were expected due to the pharmacodynamic action of cantharidin. \*\* Warts reported with verbatim term of 'ring wart' and coded to MeDRA.



1) Guenthner 2019 Fall Clinical Dermatology Symposium



## **External Genital Warts**

THE POTENTIAL SOLUTION:



Status: Timing of Phase 3 Study to be determined

### Condyloma Acuminatum (Genital Warts)

#### **Overview**

- Caused by human papilloma virus (HPV)
- Lesions on the surface of the skin in the genital and perianal regions
- Highly contagious and recurrences are common
- Treatment options have limitations
- Approximately 500,000 to 1 million cases of EGW are newly diagnosed per year in the United States<sup>1</sup>



#### **Etiology and Clinical Presentation**

#### TRANSMISSION

- · Skin to skin contact
- Spread through sexual contact

#### **DIAGNOSIS & SYMPTOMS**

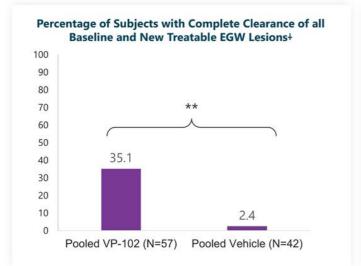
- Can be flat, dome-shaped, keratotic, pedunculated and cauliflower-shaped
- Lesions may occur singularly, in clusters, or as plaques
- Lesions can be itchy, and can cause pain and discomfort

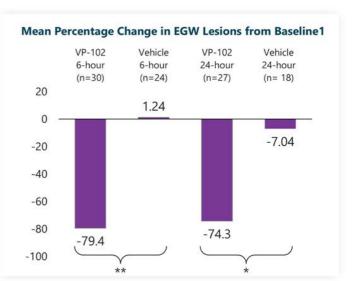
#### COMPLICATIONS

- · Irritation, pain, and redness of surrounding skin
- Dyspigmentation of affected areas
- Scarring may occur
- · Bacterial superinfection of lesions

| Study Design | > | vehicle-controlled  | ose regime<br>ficacy, safet<br>lerability |  |   | wo parts (A and B)<br>Part A is to identify the two<br>s for evaluation in Part B |
|--------------|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| Endpoints    | > | PrimarySecondaryPercent of subjects with complete clearance of<br>all treatable warts at Day 84Percent of subjects achieving complete<br>treatable warts at days 21, 42, and 6. |   |  |   |   |
| Patients     | > | <b>Part A:</b> 18 subjects 18+ years of age wit for $\ge$ 4 weeks at baseline visit<br><b>Part B:</b> 87 subjects 18+ years of age wit for $\ge$ 4 weeks at baseline visit      |   |  |   |   |
| Application  |   | Study drug YCANTH (VP-102) is<br>administered topically to each treatable<br>wart every 21 days until complete<br>clearance for a maximum of 4 treatments                       | hour, 6-<br>exposur                       | t A: Three treatment groups with a 2-<br>Ir, 6-hour, and 24-hour duration of skin<br>osure before removal with soap and<br>m water |   | administration is every   |
| Application  | - |   | treatme                                   |  | ur duration of<br>hosen based on Part A)<br>through Day 147 |   |

## Efficacy Results (CARE-1, ITT Population)





<sup>1</sup>Pooled data from Part A and B \*P<0.001 \*\*P≤0.0001



# Safety Results: Treatment Emergent Adverse Events (CARE-1, Safety Population)<sup>1,\*,+</sup>

| TEAEs, N (%)                         | <b>VP-102</b><br><b>6-hour</b><br>(N=29) | Vehicle<br>6-hour<br>(N=22) | <b>VP-102</b><br><b>24-hour</b><br>(N=28) | Vehicle<br>24-hour<br>(N=20) |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Subjects reporting at least one TEAE | 29 (100.0)                               | 15 (68.2)                   | 28 (100.0)                                | 9 (45.0)                     |
| Application site vesicles            | 25 (86.2)                                | 0 (0.0)                     | 26 (92.9)                                 | 1 (5.0)                      |
| Application site pain                | 20 (69.0)                                | 3 (13.6)                    | 19 (67.9)                                 | 4 (20.0)                     |
| Application site erythema            | 14 (48.3)                                | 3 (13.6)                    | 19 (67.9)                                 | 1 (5.0)                      |
| Application site pruritus            | 14 (48.3)                                | 5 (22.7)                    | 10 (35.7)                                 | 1 (5.0)                      |
| Application site scab                | 13 (44.8)                                | 1 (4.5)                     | 14 (50.0)                                 | 0 (0.0)                      |
| Application site discoloration       | 7 (24.1)                                 | 4 (18.2)                    | 6 (21.4)                                  | 0 (0.0)                      |
| Application site dryness             | 7 (24.1)                                 | 2 (9.1)                     | 6 (21.4)                                  | 1 (5.0)                      |
| Application site erosion             | 6 (20.7)                                 | 0 (0.0)                     | 7 (25.0)                                  | 0 (0.0)                      |
| Application site edema               | 3 (10.3)                                 | 1 (4.5)                     | 7 (25.0)                                  | 1 (5.0)                      |
| Application site exfoliation         | 3 (10.3)                                 | 2 (9.1)                     | 5 (17.9)                                  | 0 (0.0)                      |

TEAEs = Treatment Emergent Adverse Events

\*Pooled data from Part A and B. No subjects discontinued the study due to AEs. 'No serious adverse events as deemed related to study drug by investigator.

1) Guenthner 2020 Winter Clinical Dermatology Symposium

VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS

## Corporate Summary and Highlights

| Near-term Catalysts   | <ul> <li>Execution of YCANTH™ for treatment of molluscum contagiosum launch; first FDA approved therapy for molluscum, which impacts ~6 million<sup>(1)</sup> annually in the U.S.; J-Code effective April 2024; NCE status and Orange Book listing granted by FDA.</li> <li>Expect additional genomic and immune cell data on VP-315 for basal cell carcinoma in Q1 2025, as well as an expected End of Phase 2 meeting with FDA.</li> <li>Expect to initiate Global Pivotal Phase 3 trial for Common Warts with Torii Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. in H1 2025</li> </ul>   | As of June 30, 2024<br>Cash and cash equivalents of \$31.9M<br>Debt: \$50M <sup>(4)</sup><br>Outstanding Shares: 42.4M<br>Outstanding options and RSUs: 7.4M |
|---|--|--|
| Lead Product Candidates<br>With Significant End<br>Markets  | <ul> <li>VP-102 – U.S. Prevalence of Common Warts ~22M<sup>(2)</sup></li> <li>VP-315 – U.S. annual diagnoses of basal cell carcinoma ~3.6M<sup>(3)</sup></li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Warrants outstanding: 5.1M<sup>(5)</sup></li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>Focused on products that capture medical benefits vs. pharmacy benefits;</li> </ul>   | Analyst Coverage <sup>(6)</sup>  |
| Physician Administered  | accelerates lives under coverage limited payor discounting   | Stacey Ku, TD Cowen  |
| Products Covered Under A<br>Medical Benefit   | <ul> <li>In-office administration; shelf-stable products; efficient delivery; physician choice of<br/>distribution model: Buy and Bill (traditional or forward-deployed) or white-bag</li> </ul>   | Greg Renza, RBC Capital Markets  |
|   | Specialty Pharmacy model.  | Glen Santangelo, Jefferies   |
|   | <ul> <li>U.S. patents issued from our patent applications related to YCANTH<sup>™</sup> (VP-</li> </ul>  | Oren Livnat, H.C. Wainwright   |
| IP/Exclusivity  | 102) are projected to expire between 2034 and 2041, excluding any Patent   | Serge Belanger, Needham  |
|   | Term Adjustment (PTA) or Patent Term Extension (PTE)<br>U.S. patents for VP-315 projected to expire between 2032 and 2044  | Kemp Dolliver, Brookline Capital Mark  |
| Proven Management Team  | <ul> <li>Industry-leading, experienced team with extensive dermatology product launch<br/>experience</li> </ul>  |  |
| Another and the second se | U of 5.1% to 11.5% in children aged 0.16 years, (3m Pract, 2014 April 1(2):30-6). US Census estimates ~69.4MM children aged 0 to 16 years in 2016.<br>Sore and Theraportic Index (NDTI) Bolling 5 Years Ending June 2016. Nguyen et al, Later Treatment of Nongenital Venucae A Systemic Review. JAMA Dermatology.<br>5-1033.<br>In the a Childrenging Skin Cancer Statistic. The Skin Cancer Foundation. https://www.skincancer.org/biog/out-new-approach-to-a-challenging-skin-cancer-statistic/<br>index Childrenging Skin Cancer Statistic. The Skin Cancer Foundation. https://www.skincancer.org/biog/out-new-approach-to-a-challenging-skin-cancer-statistic/<br>index Childrenging Skin Cancer Statistic. The Skin Cancer Foundation. https://www.skincancer.org/biog/out-new-approach-to-a-challenging-skin-cancer-statistic/<br>index Childrenging Skin Cancer Foundation 10 Tem Therameworkical Co., Ltd, in May 2024.<br>The parchase of to forecasts negationer of Working's performance made by the above-referenced analysts are theirs alone and do not represent opinions, forecasts or<br>produce Skin Cancer Skin Skin Cancer Foundation. | Copyright © 2024 Verrica Pharmaceuticals. All rights reserved.   |

#### As of June 30, 2024

- Cash and cash equivalents of \$31.9M
- Debt: \$50M<sup>(4)</sup>
- Outstanding Shares: 42.4M
- Outstanding options and RSUs: 7.4M
- Warrants outstanding: 5.1M<sup>(5)</sup>

#### Analyst Coverage<sup>(6)</sup>

Kemp Dolliver, Brookline Capital Markets

50



# YCANTH<sup>™</sup> (cantharidin) topical solution 0.7% US Prescribing Information

## U.S. Prescribing Information

Highlights of YCANTH Prescribing Information and associated Important Safety Information shown in the table below

#### HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

| Indications and Usage                      | YCANTH is indicated for the topical treatment of molluscum contagiosum in adult and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older  |
|--|--|
| Dosage and Administration                  | <ul> <li>All healthcare professionals should receive instructions and training prior to preparation and administration of YCANTH</li> <li>For topical use only. Not for Oral, mucosal, or ophthalmic use</li> <li>Apply a single application directly to each lesion every 3 weeks as needed</li> <li>Do not use more than two applicators during a single treatment session</li> <li>Remove with soap and water 24 hours after treatment. If severe blistering, pain or other severe side effect occur, wash off YCANTH immediately and report the adverse reaction.</li> </ul> |
| Dosage Forms and Strengths                 | Topical solution: 0.7% cantharidin   |
| Contraindications                          | None   |
| Warnings and Precautions                   | <ul> <li>Toxicities Associated with Inappropriate Administration</li> <li>Life threatening or fatal toxicities can occur if administered orally</li> <li>Local Skin Reactions</li> <li>Flammability</li> </ul>   |
| Adverse Reactions                          | YCANTH is a vesicant. Local skin reactions at the application site were observed in 97% of subjects treated with YCANTH during clinical trials. Local skin reactions included vesiculation, pruritus, pain, discoloration, and erythema.   |
| Risk Evaluation and Mitigation<br>Strategy | None   |
|  | There are no restrictions on the number of treatment visits per patient  |

id pediatric patients two years of age and older



Visit YCANTH.com for Important Safety Information and full Prescribing Information Note: YCANTH (topical solution 0.7%) is only approved in the U.S. by the FDA for the treatment of molluscus

### Warnings and Precautions

- Toxicities Associated with Inappropriate Administration: Life threatening or fatal toxicities can occur if administered orally. Avoid contact with the treatment area, including oral contact, after treatment. Ocular toxicity can occur if YCANTH comes in contact with eyes. If YCANTH gets in eyes, flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Local Skin Reactions: Reactions at the application site have included vesiculation, pruritus, pain discoloration, and erythema. Avoid application near eyes and mucosal tissue, and to health skin. If YCANTH contacts any unintended surface, or health skin, immediately remove. If severe local skin reactions occur, remove prior to 24 hours after treatment.
- Flammability: YCANTH is flammable, even after drying. Avoid fire, flame or smoking near lesion(s) during treatment and after application until removed.

VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS



# **Molluscum Clinical Evidence**

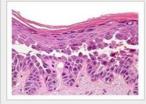
## Cantharidin Elicits a Dual Response in the Skin



#### Superficial blistering of lesional skin

Cantharidin is a vesicant, causing the pharmacodynamic response of blistering in the skin. Once applied, cantharidin activates neutral

serine proteases that cause degeneration of the desmosomal plaque and intraepidermal blistering.<sup>(1)</sup>



Desmosome Cleavage and Blister Formation



J Invest Dermatol, 1962 Jul;39:39-45.
 J Immunol Methods. 2001 Nov 1:257(1-2):213-20.2

#### Elicits Inflammation & Immune Response

Cantharidin stimulates leukocyte infiltration (e.g., neutrophils, macrophages, B and T cells and eosinophils) and the release of chemokines and cytokines including TNF-a, IL-8 and CXCL-5.<sup>(2)</sup>



# Significant Clinical Progress of YCANTH<sup>™</sup> (VP-102) for the Treatment of Molluscum

| TRIAL<br>AND STATUS                 | FORMULATION /<br>APPLICATION METHOD  | TRIAL<br>DESIGN   | TRIAL<br>OBJECTIVES  |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Pivotal Trial<br>CAMP-1<br>Complete | VP-102   | <ul> <li>N=266</li> <li>Conducted under SPA</li> <li>Randomized, double blind, multi-<br/>center, placebo controlled</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>To evaluate the efficacy of dermal application<br/>of VP-102 relative to placebo for complete clearance<br/>at day 84</li> <li>To assess the safety and tolerability of VP-102</li> </ul> |
| Pivotal Trial<br>CAMP-2<br>Complete | VP-102   | <ul> <li>N=262</li> <li>Randomized, double blind, multi-<br/>center, placebo controlled</li> </ul>                              | <ul> <li>To evaluate the efficacy of dermal application<br/>of VP-102 relative to placebo for complete clearance<br/>at day 84</li> <li>To assess the safety and tolerability of VP-102</li> </ul> |
| Innovate Trial<br>Complete          | VP-102   | <ul> <li>Open-label, single-center</li> <li>N=33</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>To determine possible systemic exposure from<br/>a single 24-hour application of VP-102</li> <li>To confirm safety and efficacy with applicator</li> </ul>                                |
| Pilot Trial<br>Complete             | Our proprietary formula of<br>cantharidin used in VP-102,<br>applied with the wooden stick<br>part of a cotton-tipped swab | <ul> <li>Open-label, single-center</li> <li>N=30</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>To evaluate safety and efficacy and determine<br/>optimal treatment duration</li> </ul>   |

VERRICA

# Demographics in Phase 3 Trials<sup>1</sup>

|   | VP-102<br>(n=310) | Vehicle<br>(n=218) |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|
|   | (                 | (                  |
| Age (years)                             | 75 - 67           | 60.50              |
| Mean (SD)                               | 7.5 ± 6.7         | 6.8 ± 5.8          |
| Median                                  | 6.0               | 6.0                |
| Range                                   | 2-60              | 2-54               |
| Age Group - no.(%)                      |                   |                    |
| ≥ 2 to 5 yr                             | 137 (44.2)        | 106 (48.6)         |
| ≥ 6 to 11 yr                            | 140 (45.2)        | 89 (40.8)          |
| ≥ 12-18 yr                              | 22 (7.1)          | 18 (8.3)           |
| ≥ 19 yr                                 | 11 (3.5)          | 5 (2.3)            |
| Gender – no. (%)                        |                   |                    |
| Female                                  | 154 (49.7)        | 107 (49.1)         |
| Male                                    | 156 (50.3)        | 111 (50.9)         |
|   |                   |                    |
| Race or Ethnic Group – no. (%)<br>White | 277 (89.4)        | 202 (02 7)         |
| Black or African American               |                   | 202 (92.7)         |
|   | 13 (4.2)          | 8 (3.7)            |
| Asian                                   | 6 (1.9)           | 1 (0.5)            |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native          | 0                 | 1 (0.5)            |
| Other                                   | 14 (4.5)          | 6 (2.8)            |



Note: Slide reflects pooled data from Phase 3 molluscum trials (CAMP-1 and CAMP-2) 1) Eichenfield Amer J Clin Derm 2021

# Safety Results Summary for Molluscum Phase 3 Trials<sup>1</sup>

#### Incidence of Treatment Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs) ≥5%

|                                  | VP-102<br>(N=311) | Vehicle<br>(N=216) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| At Least One<br>Incidence: N (%) |                   |                    |
| Application Site Vesicles        | 298 (95.8)        | 63 (29.2)          |
| Application Site Pain            | 193 (62.1)        | 36 (16.7)          |
| Application Site Pruritus        | 169 (54.3)        | 75 (34.7)          |
| Application Site Scab            | 147 (47.3)        | 47 (21.8)          |
| Application Site Erythema        | 139 (44.7)        | 58 (26.9)          |
| Application Site Discoloration   | 100 (32.2)        | 27 (12.5)          |
| Application Site Dryness         | 63 (20.3)         | 31 (14.4)          |
| Application Site Edema           | 29 (9.3)          | 10 (4.6)           |
| Application Site Erosion         | 22 (7.1)          | 2 (0.9)            |

#### VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS

Note: Slide reflects pooled data from Phase 3 molloscum trials (CAMP-1 and CAMP-2) 1) Eichenfield JAMA Derm 2020

#### Treatment Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs) ≥5% by Severity

| At Least One<br>Incidence: N (%) | VP-102<br>(N=311) |            |          | Vehicle<br>(N=216) |          |        |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|------------|----------|--------------------|----------|--------|
|                                  | Mild              | Moderate   | Severe   | Mild               | Moderate | Severe |
| Application Site Vesicles        | 187 (60.1)        | 100 (32.2) | 11 (3.5) | 59 (27.3)          | 4 (1.9)  | 0      |
| Application Site Pruritus        | 145 (46.6)        | 23 (7.4)   | 1 (0.3)  | 62 (28.7)          | 13 (6.0) | 0      |
| Application Site Pain            | 127 (40.8)        | 59 (19.0)  | 7 (2.3)  | 34 (15.7)          | 2 (0.9)  | 0      |
| Application Site Scab            | 120 (38.6)        | 27 (8.7)   | 0        | 44 (20.4)          | 3 (1.4)  | 0      |
| Application Site Discoloration   | 87 (28.0)         | 12 (3.9)   | 1 (0.3)  | 25 (11.6)          | 2 (0.9)  | 0      |
| Application Site Erythema        | 73 (23.5)         | 65 (20.9)  | 1 (0.3)  | 43 (19.9)          | 15 (6.9) | 0      |
| Application Site Dryness         | 58 (18.6)         | 5 (1.6)    | 0        | 30 (13.9)          | 1 (0.5)  | 0      |
| Application Site Edema           | 21 (6.8)          | 8 (2.6)    | 0        | 7 (3.2)            | 3 (1.4)  | 0      |
| Application Site Erosion         | 20 (6.4)          | 2 (0.6)    | 0        | 2 (0.9)            | 0        | 0      |

# Overview of YCANTH™, VP-102/103 Intellectual Property Portfolio

| Y CLAIMS AND PATENT APPLICATIONS  | GRANTED US PATENTS AND EXPIRATION  | VALUE TO VERRICA   |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Novel cantharidin formulations and our specific formulation of YCANTH <sup>™</sup><br>(VP-102)<br>(PCT/US2014/052184 and PCT/US2018/036353)<br>Single-use applicators containing cantharidin formulations including our<br>commercial applicator of YCANTH <sup>™</sup> (VP-102) (PCT/US2014/052184 and<br>PCT/US2018/037808) | US 11,052,064<br>(Expires May 28, 2035)*<br>US 11,147,790<br>(Expires August 22, 2038)<br>*Not including any potential Patent Term Extension (PTE) | May prevent generics from copying our ether-free formulation or<br>from making similar formulations<br>May prevent generics from utilizing a single-use applicator for<br>cantharidin that contains both a glass ampule to maintain product<br>stability and a filter placed prior to dispensing tip, which helps<br>increase administration accuracy and prevents direct contact with<br>skin |  |
| Design of our commercial applicator of YCANTH™ (VP-102)<br>(PCT/US2018/037808 and US 29/607744)   | US D900312, US D1036656<br>(Expire October 27, 2035 and July 23, 2039)   | May prevent generics from utilizing a similar applicator   |  |
| Methods of using cantharidin for treating molluscum (PCT/US2018/037808, PCT/US2018/036353, and PCT/US2014/052184)   | US 11,052,064<br>(Expires May 28, 2035)*<br>US 11,147,790<br>(Expires August 22, 2038)<br>*Not including any potential Patent Term Extension (PTE) | May prevent generics from employing a similar treatment regimer<br>and label   |  |
| Methods for purifying cantharidin and analyzing cantharidin or cantharidin solutions (PCT/US2016/14139)   | US 11,168,091<br>(Expires March 8, 2036)   | May force generics to find alternative methodologies to produce<br>GMP cantharidin or determine if their API or drug product is GMP<br>compliant   |  |
| Methods for cantharidin synthesis<br>(PCT/US2015/066487) (PCT/US2018/054373)  | US 10,745,413<br>(Expires March 10, 2036)  | Synthetic version would reduce risks of outside contaminants a<br>environmental factors affecting the naturally-sourced API. May<br>prevent generics competing with a synthetic version of cantha  |  |
| Ampule crush tools including our proprietary Ampule Crush Tool of YCANTH <sup>™</sup><br>(VP-102)<br>(PCT/US2021/054752 and US 29/755448)   | US D983407<br>(Expires April 11, 2038)   | May prevent competitors from copying our Ampule Crush Tool or<br>from making similar devices   |  |

Any U.S. patents issued from our patent applications related to YCANTH™ (VP-102) are projected to expire between 2034 and 2041, excluding any Patent Term Adjustment (PTA) or Patent Term Extension (PTE)

